

Year 6: It's All Greek To Me!



GREEK GODS:

ZEUS	POSEIDON	ATHENA	ARES	HERA
King of the Gods	God of the Sea	Goddess of Wisdom	God of War	The Goddess of Women
As well as being King of the Gods, Zeus was also the God of Thunder.	Poseidon is the brother of Zeus and was a very important God to Greek fishermen.	Athena was the Goddess of many things including courage, mathematics, arts and crafts and law.	Ares was the son of Zeus and Hera and loved bloodshed!	Hera was the wife of Zeus and the Goddess of marriage, family and childbirth.



WHAT?

The First Olympic Games are held.	Homer writes the poems 'The Odyssey' and 'The Iliad'.	Male citizens of Athens are allowed to vote. (Democracy)	The Classical Period of Ancient Greece begins.	Greek Theatre becomes popular in Athens.	The Parthenon - the temple dedicated to Athena - is completed in Athens.	The wars between Sparta and Athens begin.	Alexander the Great becomes King and begins his conquests by defeating the Persians.	Rome defeats the Greeks at the Battle of Corinth, making it part of the Roman Empire.
776 BC	700 BC	508 BC	500 BC	472 BC	432 BC	431 BC	336 - 333 BC	146 BC

KEY VOCABULARY

ACROPOLIS: A fortified citadel within a larger city. It is usually located on top of a hill and at the centre of the city.	CITY-STATE: A city-state consists of a large city and the surrounding areas. Ancient Greece consisted of a number of independent city-states such as Athens.	HOPLITE: The citizen soldiers of the Greek city-states.	PLATO: A Greek philosopher who founded the Academy in Athens and wrote many philosophical dialogues.
ASSEMBLY: In Athens, the Assembly consisted of a group of citizens who showed up to vote.	DEMOCRACY: A form of government where citizens have a say in how they are ruled including choosing their leaders and deciding on laws.	OLYMPICS: An athletic event held by the Ancient Greeks every four years.	TITANS: The Titans were the first Greek Gods. They were overthrown by their children, the Olympians.